

The Rutherford Star.

"BE SURE YOU ARE RIGHT AND THEN GO AHEAD."—DAVY CROCKETT.

VOL. VI. RUTHERFORDTON, N. C., NOVEMBER 18, 1871. [NEW SERIES.] NO. 5.

Professional Cards.

CHURCHILL & WHITESIDE,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.
Will practice in all the Courts of Western North Carolina, in the Supreme Courts of the State and in the District, Circuit and Supreme Courts of the United States. 6tf.

LOGAN & JUSTICE,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.
Will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to their care.
Particular attention given to collections in both Superior and Justice Courts. 31y

J. L. CARSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.
Collections made in any part of the State if possible. 6tf

M. H. JUSTICE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.
Claims collected in all parts of the State. 6tf

J. E. CARPENTER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.
Collections promptly attended to. 31y

DR. J. W. BARNES,
WILL GIVE PROMPT ATTENTION
to all Professional calls and hopes to merit a continuance of his long established practice.

Has constantly on hand a fine supply of Pure Drugs, at his Office in Rutherfordton. 6tf

Miscellaneous Cards.

BLACKSMITHING.
MR. BRADLEY DALTON
would inform his old friends and customers, that he is going it alone, and will be glad to have them call at his shop on the road, south of the town, where he is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line, in a superior and workmanlike manner.
Country produce taken in exchange for work. 19tf

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
Cor. 3d St. and Park Avenue,
WASHINGTON, D. C.
This House, formerly known as the St. Charles, has been thoroughly renovated, enlarged, and furnished in elegant style, and is now open for the accommodation of the traveling public. Those desiring comfortable city quarters at reasonable rates, are respectfully invited to give the EXCHANGE, Georgetown to street cars and all the City Depots, a trial.
ALEX. H. JONES,
Proprietor. 19tf

VILLAGE HOTEL,
J. W. GREEN, Proprietor,
RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.
In opening this old and favorably known House, the Proprietor would respectfully solicit a share of public patronage, promising to use every endeavor to make his guests comfortable.
This table will be supplied with the best food for the reception of guests, and persons visiting Marion will find it to their interest to give it a call. 18-19tf

PLENNING HOUSE,
Marion, N. C.
This new and well furnished House is now open for the reception of guests, and persons visiting Marion will find it to their interest to give it a call. 18-19tf

WM. LOWZEE,
J. O. WHITE,
MANNING HOTEL,
Salem, N. C.
Omnibus free of charge. Prices made to suit the times. 18-19tf

Good stables connected with the House for the accommodation of those traveling by private conveyance. 18-19tf

RAILROAD DIRECTORY.

WILMINGTON, CHARLOTTE AND RUTHERFORD RAILROAD.
Passenger Trains over this Road run as follows:
Leave Charlotte, Tuesday's, Thursday's and Saturday's, 8:30 a. m.
Arrive at Cherryville, same days at 12 p. m.
Leave Cherryville, same days at 1 p. m.
Arrive at Rutherfordton, same days at 5:30 p. m.

NORTH CAROLINA RAILROAD.
Passenger Trains over this Road arrive at, and leave Charlotte, as follows:
Leave, going east, at 8:00 p. m.
Arrive, coming west, at 7:30 a. m.
Leave, going east, at 5:55 a. m.
Arrive, coming west, at 7:55 p. m.

WESTERN NORTH CAROLINA RAILROAD.
Passenger Trains on this Road run as follows:
Leave Salisbury, at 5:00 a. m.
Arrive at Marion, 12:45 p. m.
Arrive at Old Fort, 1:32 p. m.
Leave Old Fort, 7:15 a. m.
Leave Marion, at 8:04 a. m.
Arrive at Salisbury, 3:32 p. m.

CHARLOTTE, COLUMBIA AND AUGUSTA RAILROAD.
Passenger Trains over this Road arrive at, and leave Charlotte, as follows:
Arrive at Charlotte, 7:30 p. m.
Leave Charlotte at 8:50 a. m.
Arrive at Charlotte, 5:30 a. m.
Leave Charlotte at 8:10 p. m.

After Sunset.

Far across the level lowland,
Just beneath that line of light
Where the clouds are glowing crimson,
Lies my native town to-night;
And its busy thousands murmur,
Like the distant rolling sea,
As the night-wind brings the music
Of its monotone to me.

Its myriad lights are beaming
From many a stately hall,
Far across the level lowland
Throwing shadows on my wall—
Shadows soft and ever shifting,
As the leaves without my door
Gently sway and sadly whisper
Of the spring time flown before.

Welcome guests are these sweet shadows,
Stealing in from my youthful days,
Unforgotten forms that wander
Up through memory's twilight ways;
Though they throng in silence round me
Something, yet, my spirit hears,
Like the echo of their foot-falls—
'Tis the melody of years.

Moments of the past they bring me,
Saying they are vernal flowers,
As they gently bid me weave them
Into wreaths of autumn hours;
While the dews of olden sorrow,
In the dim descending even,
On them fall and seem to make them
Fragrant with the hopes of Heaven.

Still the city's lights are beaming;
But the leaves without my door
Cease their sighs and pause to listen,
Thinking spring has come once more;
And the shadows now departing,
As they vanish, whisper low,
That I never had know their coming—
But for their shadows long ago.

Letter to Governor Caldwell from Prussia.

EUROPEAN IMMIGRATION TO NORTH CAROLINA.

HOW TO SECURE IT.

UNITED STATES CONSULATE, Berlin, Prussia, Oct. 17, 1871.

HIS EXCELLENCY,

GOVERNOR CALDWELL:
DEAR SIR:—Although I have not the pleasure of knowing you personally, I hope you will permit me, a friend, to make a few suggestions in regard to immigration into my native State North Carolina.

Sir, it is a fact, but too well known that large numbers of persons, of both colors, are continually leaving our State for the more propitious, as they imagine, States of the far South, and I fear that unless very important and speedy measures are taken to secure immigration into that State, the next decade will show a decrease in our population.

We certainly possess the advantages of other States farther South as regards the mildness of climate. We know not the rigidity of the North nor the heat of the South. We have not the yellow fever and chills of Florida, nor the pulmonary diseases of Maine, nor the ague breeding hot-wetters of Minnesota. In this respect our climate is peculiarly adapted for the European immigrant, from Italy to Denmark, both inclusive.

Our lands upon the whole are medium—our State is naturally divided so as to suit the culture of a great variety of products, with a moderate yield of each. We can raise cotton and rice in the eastern section, cotton and tobacco in the middle section, and wheat, oats and barley in the western section. Corn can be raised over the whole State, and we certainly have the monopoly of "tar pitch and turpentine." We furnish the world with rosin, if we except a small quantity of an inferior quality produced in France. Our forests abound in the best timber. Our water powers are fine and lasting. In mineral wealth North Carolina is not excelled by any other State east of the Mississippi river. Excellent fruits grow with and without

culture. Access to railroads and navigable waters, in most parts, is not difficult.

Then, sir, in order to turn these vast resources into profit, we must go to work in earnest to obtain a share of the European immigration. The prevailing idea in Germany is that the climate of North Carolina is as hot and unhealthy as in other States farther South—in other words, that fever and ague are prevalent there throughout summer and winter, and yellow fever always in summer. So long as these opinions are not refuted, immigration will be deterred from going there. There is a very good kind of people now leaving Italy for America. I do not mean the lazaroni organ-grinders, but the sturdy, robust, Italian farmer, who is noted for his energy, industry and peaceable nature. I imagine this class of people might easily be persuaded to go South—but some inducement must be held out in the shape of cheap lands and easy terms.

First of all, however, pamphlets should be published, giving in detail, the facts in regard to the resources of the State. If possible they should be printed in different languages, and sent to the United States Consuls in the different European countries, who will distribute them. The chief point is that they be published by "authority." I know, indeed, of several immigration societies who have published and disseminated books without a semblance of State or National aid or authority. When such is the case it is looked upon by outsiders as "a put up swindle" in the interest only, of the parties concerned, no matter how pure may be the motives by which the society is actuated.

After this has been done, contracts must and can be made with the Railroad and Steam boat lines, by which a reduction of fare is obtained. New York city will for a long time continue to be the chief point of arrival of immigrants, owing to the general unhealthiness of Southern cities in summer, hence we must expect to get our immigrants from that city. On all the railroad lines from there to the west a reduction of fare is guaranteed to the immigrant.

Until something is done to secure a share of the European immigration to our State, to clear our forests, till our soil, and develop our mineral resources, we cannot expect to prosper as a State.

I am, sir,
Your obedient
Servant,
A. V. DOCKERY.

Revenue Tax on Tobacco.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Office of Internal Revenue,
Washington, Oct. 28th, 1871.

SIR:—In reply to your letter of October 24th, in relation to peddling manufactured tobacco, I have to say that a manufacturer of tobacco may sell his product anywhere in the United States without paying a special tax as a dealer in tobacco but he can sell only in the original and unbroken packages. He may send out an employee to peddle for him, who may sell in the same manner and under the same condition as the manufacturer.

A peddler of tobacco, who is not an employee of the manufacturer, and whose sales exceed \$100 per annum, is liable to a special tax as a dealer in tobacco for selling manufactured tobacco in the manner of a peddler, and such a peddler who has paid the special tax for so selling tobacco, may retail from wooden packages, packed and stamped according to law.

Very respectfully,
J. W. DOUGLASS,
Commissioner.
W. D. JONES, Esq., Assessor
4th District, Raleigh, N. C.

Kuklux Confessions.

From all appearances there seems to be a general disposition in Catawba and Lincoln counties, among those who were unfortunate enough to be deceived and entrapped, innocently, into the Kuklux organization to make a full confession of the whole matter and wash their hands forever of this order.

In this they do right. Let every one come out of it and save further trouble, expense and anxiety. Listen no longer to your leaders. They have taught you falsely. They have misled you. Leave their counsel at once, before you are completely ruined.

We would further advise you not to pay one cent to Kuklux lawyers or anybody else. It is money thrown away. They are like the man in whom is combined both doctor and preacher. He charges you to death for doctoring you and then charges you for preaching your funeral—thus he commences on you when you are in pretty fair health and never quits you until, perhaps, months after you are mouldering in the dust. So with the lawyer that got you into it, now he wants to charge you to get you out. We talk plain, but we are independent.

Some have maintained a dead silence in regard to this thing, others would wink at it. Some would say, are you not afraid to talk so? others would make all sorts of apologies for it—thus leading on the innocent to ruin, and giving it aid and comfort.

The best way for you now is to throw yourselves on the clemency of the Court and authorities.

If they do their worst you will at least save money by this course.

Our position in regard to this thing is well known. We have counseled against it all the time, and together with most of our good citizens we believe, in a great measure, have saved Catawba from being overwhelmed by it.

We have no doubt but that there was a powerful effort made to involve the whole county as well as others in this thing.

We resisted it with all our power and now we are being thanked for our course every day. We have done nothing but what we conceived to be our duty as a good citizen. We have always took our own course in all public matters. We pin ourselves to no man or set of men. We never have had occasion to regret any position of ours as to any matter agitating the public mind. If we had been a leader in this thing, or had been silent, or had apologized for it as some have done—thereby giving aid and comfort to it, we would now feel like hanging ourselves to the first limb that presented.

We feel satisfied from what we have seen and from what we see and hear every day, that numbers of innocent young men, and old ones too, were most unwittingly enticed into this thing, and for them we are sorry and for them we speak. We have been threatened with Kuklux vengeance because of our opposition to it, as we learn, not by the rank and file, but by some of the leaders.

Many of our citizens were threatened, as we learn, from members of the order. We can truthfully say that all we wish now is peace and quiet; we have no malice or passion to gratify. We want the thing settled; we want all who belong to it to come out, and we are of opinion that the easiest and best way is a full confession. The names of all are known. There is no use of hiding out. Come up and rather than keep the thing before you put it forever behind you.

We have in our possession a letter from the Governor, promising to do all in his power to pardon or relieve all those who will come forward and withdraw from it. This is what he ought to do

and we are of opinion he will do. Now do your part. He, (the Governor), we will add, makes no promises for the leaders, but for all those who were deceived and persuaded into it.

The letter was not written to us, but was handed us by a friend and citizen of our town.

We speak for our innocent citizens and our section of the State; others may speak as they choose for theirs. It mortifies us to see so many of our young men running off leaving the country. We have every reason to believe that it would be best for them to remain and renounce this order.—*Hickory Tavern Eagle.*

[From the Golden Age.] Ethics and Ecclesiastics.

Some of our denominational exchanges condemn Prof. Seeley's admirable lectures, recently republished here, for their insidious infidelity. Their heresy is counted all the more dangerous because covered with the garb and semblance of faith. Their polished phrase and professed fealty to religion blind the very elect to the subtle elements of unbelief lurking in and diffused through them. They are as much more fatal than the bold denials of Voysey, Colenso, and Parker, as the keen rapier wreathed in roses is more death-dealing than the blunt broad sword brandished high in air. And the ground of this censure is, that he makes anything but complimentary strictures upon the Church for neglecting to teach those essential moralities upon which the welfare and happiness of individuals and the world depend.

Prof. Seeley's statements relate to ecclesiastical parties in England. Those who draw a sharp line between the saved and the unsaved, the Church and the world, religious beliefs and sacraments that are saving, and "mere morality," which is well enough in church members, but not essential to salvation and very dangerous for the unconverted to have,—of course, take no pains to indoctrinate their congregations with ethical principles and create a sound and healthy moral sentiment in the community. And only the Broad-Church party in the Establishment, with a small body of dissenters, are sufficiently emancipated from the old theology to regard all human beings as equally children of God, and subject to moral laws that are equally binding upon all men. The average Englishman looks to his church for religion merely, and a religion well-nigh destitute of moral elements, and gets his ethical ideas from the press. And this is the reason that the Church is so little of a moral force in the nation, and has already lost its hold upon the best minds.

The same thing is essentially true in this country. If the line between the Church and the world is less broadly marked than in former days, it still exists, and the chief business of the minister is to recruit the former from the territory of the latter. His work is not to teach ethics but to save souls, and to save them by some other means than the morality which is the essence and outcome of genuine religion and an essential element of true manliness. His labors to make converts, not to create a climate so congenial to what is best and noblest in human nature that society will blossom with graces and spontaneously produce the richest and rarest virtues. In his view, morality has nothing to do with soul-saving. Though well enough in its way, and a convenient thing to have, it is not essential to salvation. According to the most popular preacher in America, it is, at the best, a beam too short to bridge the stream that separates earth from heaven. Morality is admirable for the saints, but dangerous for the unconverted, who are constantly tempted to trust to it for salvation. The more moral

men are, the more are they satisfied with morality, and the less likely to accept the doctrinal and sacramental expedients for the saving of souls, and the better the world the worse for the Church.

The inevitable consequence is that, with a few notable exceptions, the pulpits ring all possible changes on the doctrines and sacraments they regard as essential to salvation after death, and spend their force in recruiting churches and building up denominations, while the great common moralities on which individual sanity as well as sanctity depend, which are the foundation of public welfare and prosperity, are dropped into a secondary and merely incidental place, if not decried as "beggarly elements" and "filthy rags." Doctrines and sacraments sit at the ecclesiastical feast, and ethics are left to pick up the crumbs that fall from the table. The practical result of this policy is that the streets of all our cities are mined with vices and honey-combed with pitfalls; business has become another name for gambling; politics, as represented in "the rings," is an organized conspiracy to rob the people; the domestic life of our country is demoralized; the churches are the hiding-places of extortioners and hypocrites; and a man escorts a woman in the street-car after dark at the peril of his life.

The majority of ecclesiastics seem to forget that the saving of souls in the next world is God's business, while it is their business to make souls worth the saving. Those who have caught a glimpse of better things do not preach morality because they know so little about it. A knowledge of ethics is not considered a necessary part of the intellectual furniture of a popular minister; he confounds morals with deportment, and, filling his quiver with theological proof-texts, brushes the subject aside. He fails to see, what Kant showed long ago, that the only impregnable ground of faith in God and immortality, as against the subtle speculations and scientific activities of the age, is this of indestructible moral obligations. If the Church has any meaning and use in modern society, if it stands for any permanent reality and essential element in our new civilization, it is the representative of those moral virtues, laws, and obligations that are as indestructible as human nature, and the unalterable conditions of human good. For morality is not that meagre and pinched affair that ignorant priests have represented it—merely a thing of the hands, a matter of propriety, a set of manners, a sort of Lord Chesterfield etiquette with a little more sanctimony in look and severity in tone. It relates to all human relations. It covers all human duties. It reaches to the bottom of the heart and the top of the life. It concerns all human thoughts and feelings as well as actions. It goes wherever the word Ought goes, and covers all that means and reaches to.

NORTH CAROLINA HONORED.—Junius Brutus Wheeler, half brother to Col. J. H. Wheeler, the historian, has been appointed to the position of Professor of Mathematics in the Military Academy at West Point, in place of Professor Mahan, who destroyed himself a short time since.—*Newbern Journal of Commerce.*

SUING FOR DAMAGE.—We notice in our exchanges that the parties arrested for Kukluxing in Alamance county, are bringing suits for damage against Gov. Holden and others, for false imprisonment.

The Raleigh Carolinian says:—The criminal docket for the approaching term of the U. S. District Court in this city, is the largest ever had, and the civil docket the smallest for years.

THE STAR.

J. B. CARPENTER. R. W. LOGAN.
CARPENTER & LOGAN
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1871.

Excuse us.—Owing to our leaving for Raleigh, press of job work, and other circumstances beyond our control, we will get out no paper next Saturday. Excuse us and we will try and be more punctual in the future.

What Can this Mean?

We publish on our first page an editorial from the Hickory Tavern Eagle, advising Kukulux to come in, confess, &c. We are pleased to see that at least one Democratic paper in the State has the boldness to advise the Kukulux to do what every honest man ought to do, who has got into such an organization as the Kukulux, but we can not understand what Gov. Caldwell means by saying that he will "do all in his power to pardon or relieve all those who will come forward and withdraw from it." Does he mean that he is ready to compromise with men who have rode night after night, whipped, cut, and slashed quiet, unoffending citizens? Does he mean that he is ready and willing to do all in his power, to prevent the hand of justice being laid upon the men who have violated the chastity of defenceless females? Does he intend to use his power to have pardoned the men who have put the torch to the churches and school houses of the colored men of our State? Scarcely one of the long list of crimes committed has been done by the leaders; they have all been committed by the rank and file of the Kukulux party, and to screen them from punishment, except in cases where they can be used to convict leaders, will never do; it will be again turning loose men who will re-organize under some other name, and in less than two years be worse than they are today. Let them all be prosecuted that can be caught; let those who wish to run away, leave, hold indictments against them,—if they ever come back, catch them up and give them the law to its strictest letter; if they stay away, we can breathe more freely, and if there are compromises made by the powers that be, it will be a compromise that will in the end bring civil war. Oppressed Union men will never bear what they have borne; they will risk more in the future than they have in the past, and are determined that the law of "an eye for an eye, and a tooth for a tooth" shall be strictly enforced.

We have headed our article, "What can this mean?" because we think there must be some mistake about this letter in the hands of the Eagle; man; we have known Governor Caldwell long, and we do not think he is a man who would agree to compromise with, and use his power to turn loose such a set of men as even the rank and file of the Kukulux party, and likewise it is due to the Governor that he make a public correction of this matter. What say you, Governor?

"Cease Viper."

The last number of the Southern Home devotes nearly a column of bile to an account of the court at Lincoln, in which, as usual, Judge Logan gets a large share of railing from Granny Hill. By the way, it seems to us that Granny never gets along well. He is always mad about something. He quit Davidson College; he quit being a Confederate General; he quit editing the "Land We Love," and has no doubt got mad with the Southern Home, and will quit it some of these days, if it has the "largest subscription of any paper west of Raleigh." Poor old fellow! he is always in trouble. We are sorry for him, but a man should have a clear conscience, and then it would not be necessary for him to be always in trouble. We tell him his abuse of Judge Logan is taken by that gentleman as a compliment; it satisfies him that he is doing his country a service, or he would not get the abuse of Granny Hill. Gran-

ny, if you do not stop your mouth, you will make the Judge one of the most popular men in the United States.

In this connection, we will say that the charge preferred by Granny that Sheriff King was fined a penny and costs, we would say that we have authority which we know is more reliable than Granny's, that Granny has stated in his paper an untruth. Sheriff King submitted, and the Solicitor, Col. Bynum, did not ask for the judgment of the court. We do not know that the Sheriff will thank us for this correction, as he is understood by all parties to be a gentleman, and therefore does not require any vindication from charges preferred by Granny Hill. We are also informed that Granny's statements in regard to the sentence of Masagee are also incorrect, but we could not expect anything better from Granny. By the way, we would like for Granny to inform us how he is getting along with his practice in rape cases.

Tell us about it, Granny!

Religion and Politics.

The Raleigh Christian Advocate, the organ of the Methodists in North Carolina, thinks the Democratic address "is able and timely." Wonder if the Advocate is a Democratic Methodist newspaper? If so, then Republican Methodists should withhold their patronage. When Methodist newspapers and Methodist Circuit riders advocate Kukulux principles, and join the Klans, then is Methodism as a religion equal, if not worse than Romanism. The same applies to other denominations, and the Baptist preachers of our country fully illustrate the matter, as not less than five of them have been sworn to as members of the Kukulux. We say alas! when such men are called to feed flocks! We have read our Bible some, and the only place in it that we can find anything that looks much like Kukuluxing, is in the 24th chapter of Job, commencing at the 13th verse, and we would respectfully call the attention of Kukulux to the language of that chapter, and we believe that they will profit thereby.

Opposed to Kukulux.

The Conservative press of the State contend that they are opposed to Kukuluxing, but almost invariably apologize for the outrages committed, and if not for the outrages, they invariably abuse the officers who try to bring to justice the offenders. The last striking illustration of this fact we get from the Charlotte Observer, published at the home of Zeb Vance and Ham. C. Jones. The Observer of the 7th copies a letter written to the Asheville Citizen, purporting to give an account of the arrests being made in Madison county, in which the United States officers are abused in round terms, because they are trying to bring to justice Kukulux. The Observer in copying the article was not satisfied with it without heading it "The villains at work," thus showing, we think, his feelings in the matter. Officers trying to bring men to justice are "villains," but Kukulux are only men trying to get justice denied them by radical courts and negro juries.

Don't Claim the Reward!

Mr. William Scoggin informed us that he with others found the disguises near Lincoln, N. C., that we offered the reward for two weeks since. He says he has not the proof to convict Col. Lee-roy M. McAfee, chief of Cleveland, of issuing the disguises, and that he does not care for the reward anyway, as he never did like Confederate money. We are ready to pay the reward, when we get the evidence that the chief examined and approved them. We guess that Dr. Williams would make a good witness. We are sure Benjamin Franklin Logan, late Sheriff of Cleveland, would, had he not left for the land "where the woodbine twines."

Brigham Young has left Utah. The Mormon papers do not give his whereabouts.

Southern Republican Press Association.

This Association will meet in Washington city on the 18th of December. We hope to be able to be present, as we think it is a move in the right direction, and will result in good to the cause of the party in the South. We have had too little concert of action, and in that way have lost much that we might otherwise have gained. The officers for the Association for 1872, are:

L. Cass Carpenter, Daily Union, S. C., President; Arter Bingham, State Journal, Ala., W. J. Patton, State Journal, Ark., and R. M. Kelly, Commercial, K., Vice Presidents.

C. I. Grady, Recording Secretary.

L. C. Carpenter, Daily Union, S. C.; W. L. Scruggs, New Era, Georgia; E. Daniels, State Journal, Va.; J. M. Morris, Chronicle, Washington city, and G. W. Nasson, Republican, N. C., Executive Committee.

New County.

We understand that a number of the citizens in the territory around Chimney Rock are discussing the propriety of petitioning the Legislature for a new county, to be formed of portions of Rutherford, Polk, Henderson, Buncombe and McDowell counties. We would regret to lose the portion of Rutherford county thus cut off, but at the same time acknowledge that the people of that section are remotely situated from their county town, and that a county formed from the territory mentioned, would be composed of some of the finest farming lands in the State. The grazing can not be excelled; the scenery is as romantic as can be found in the world; the water power could never be exhausted, and we have but little doubt but that it would become at no distant day one of the richest counties in Western North Carolina. The Wilmington, Charlotte & Rutherford Railroad will, when completed to Asheville, pass through the center of the proposed county.

Go ahead, gentlemen, we will give you our help for the new county.

Woman Suffrage.

The Journal of Commerce says that the Judges of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia have agreed unanimously upon the following two points:

First—That women are entitled to vote under the Fourteenth Amendment to the Constitution. The right is clearly recognized there, but in such a vague and indefinite manner that it will require further legislation on the part of Congress to determine in what manner and under what circumstances the right can be exercised.

Second—That inasmuch as the organic law of this District limits the elective franchise to males, the right of women to vote here does not attach.

The decision will not be made public until next week.

Arrivals at Village Hotel.

Washington City.—R. O. Sherman; Asheville, N. C.—W. H. and A. E. Deaver, O. Hilderbrand, R. Patterson; Franklin, N. C.—J. Franks; Cleveland, N. C.—I. O. Bridges, W. C. Lee, J. L. Eskridge, A. B. Suttle, O. B. Suttle, G. W. Ray, W. Bridges, J. Bridges, S. Wright, J. H. Jenkins, B. Blanton, —Morehead, Lee Eskridge; Polk—C. Bradley; Rutherford—W. L. Beam, M. H. Kilpatrick, Wm. Gibbs; Spartanburg, S. C.—G. Newland, —Copeland.

Why is a young lawyer like the national currency? Because he is a legal tender and somewhat green.

A man whom we can put up with—a good hotel keeper.

The right man in the right place—a nurseryman up a tree.

[For the Star.] Thoughts for the People.

MESSRS. EDITORS:

The situation of the country requires two things—first, that the people inform themselves of their condition, and second, that they think calmly and seriously upon that condition. What is the condition of the country? It is that the country has for a length of time been filled with conspirators to disturb its quiet, break its peace, and murder its citizens. These conspirators are composed of the rich as well as the low classes; the high class has planned the work, and the low and the high have executed it,—and that party which boasts of the name of Democracy contains the leaders as well as executors of these diabolical outrages.

It can not be successfully denied but that all the active men in that party for the last two years, belong to the "Invisible Empire," all the leading journals of the party uphold the "Invisible Empire," and their editors, every mother's son of them, are members of the order. Notwithstanding the fact that many of them have been caught, convicted, and now in the Penitentiary, still the snake is only scotched, not killed. To-day there is more venom in them than ever before, merely because they have been locked in their hellish purposes.

Will the honest yeomanry of the country hold them in check, or will they let them loose to commit greater outrages than they have heretofore done?

Their imagination is full of new schemes—they are now begging the poor and weak not to repent, not to divulge, and when they can not succeed in this, then they have them to run away.

We earnestly entreat the people to think and to act, and to detect every member of the order, and especially every leader, that they may reap their rewards in Albany or elsewhere, and the country restored to its original quietude and safety.

MORE AGAIN.

The last number of the Shelby Banner is mild towards us. He does not call us liar or anything of the kind. Wonder what is the matter?

The house in which Mr. Nathan was murdered in New York, has been converted into a gambling hell.

THE UNRIVALED
AMERICAN
DOUBLEDAY
TURBINE
WATER WHEEL,
Mill Gearing, Shafting & Pulleys
STEAM ENGINES & BOILERS.
POOLE & HUNT, BALTIMORE.
SEND FOR A CIRCULAR.

Be Guided by What You Know.

There is an old proverb which says: "Experience is the wisest guide." To this guide the sick and ailing naturally turn when seeking about for the means of relief. They enquire what a medicine has done for others, before they adopt it themselves. Of all the remedies and preventives in use, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters meets the test most triumphantly, and hence its immense popularity and vast sales. The sufferer from indigestion is sure to find some one among his friends who has been cured by this famous vegetable tonic. The victim of fever and ague, liver complaint, constipation, nervous prostration, or general debility, has only to make inquiry in the neighborhood where he resides in order to discover what this standard restorative has effected in cases similar to his own. In the published testimony to its merits he will find a volume of proofs of its sanitary properties, which it is impossible for his common sense to resist. He tries it, and the effect it produces on his system adds another to the host of witnesses who can testify about the means of relief. They enquire what a medicine has done for others, before they adopt it themselves. Of all the remedies and preventives in use, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters meets the test most triumphantly, and hence its immense popularity and vast sales. The sufferer from indigestion is sure to find some one among his friends who has been cured by this famous vegetable tonic. The victim of fever and ague, liver complaint, constipation, nervous prostration, or general debility, has only to make inquiry in the neighborhood where he resides in order to discover what this standard restorative has effected in cases similar to his own. In the published testimony to its merits he will find a volume of proofs of its sanitary properties, which it is impossible for his common sense to resist. He tries it, and the effect it produces on his system adds another to the host of witnesses who can testify about the means of relief.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Dissolution.

THE FIRM OF LYNCH, MILLS & HUFFMASTER, it is dissolved by mutual consent of all parties, on the 6th inst. All debts due by, and to the concern, will be settled by the new firm.

ns-no2-3] LYNCH & HUFFMASTER.

Latest News By Telegraph!!

LYNCH & HUFFMASTER, Dealers in

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware, Boots & Shoes, Groceries, Confectioneries, &c., &c., RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.

Begin to inform their friends and numerous customers that they have on hand, and are daily receiving a well and carefully selected stock of Goods, bought for cash, and which they are selling at living prices.

In our Stock of DRY GOODS will be found Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Jaconets, Silks, Merinos, Flannels, Prints, Shirtings, Sheetings, and every kind of dry goods usually found in a retail store, at from the lowest to the highest prices.

CLOTHING. We have a splendid assortment of ready-made Clothing in suits, or by the piece. Our mens' Shaws are No. 1.

HARDWARE. In this department, the farmer and mechanic can find almost any article wanted.

BOOTS AND SHOES. We have a good Stock—from the best Water-proof Boot to the coarsest Brogan.

GROCERIES. We ask that our Stock of Sugars, Coffees, Teas, Rice, Molasses, Syrups, &c., be examined as to quality and price.

CONFECTIONERIES. In our Stock will be found Preserves, Jellies, Jams, Candies, Raisins, Figs, Nuts, Canned Oysters, Fruits, &c.

SEWING MACHINES. We will buy all kinds of country produce, and pay as much for it as the market will afford. Give us a call! Remember the Store is next door South of Dr. Rucker's—left hand side of the street going North.

LYNCH & HUFFMASTER.

ns-101-1y.

CLEAR THE TRACK

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

Just Arrived, and will Continue to arrive, at the Store of I. N. BIGGERSTAFF, (near Logan's Store.)

a complete stock of Merchandise, consisting of

Dry Goods, Ladies Dress Goods, Hardware and Cutlery, Oils, Paints, and Dyestuffs, Crockery, Tinware, Castings, &c., &c., &c.,

all of which can be bought at lower prices than at any up country store. Rags and country produce taken in exchange for Goods. Give him a call, and satisfy yourselves.

Remember the place!—near Mrs. Melton's, at X-roads. [ns3-1f]

THE GREAT CAUSE

OF HUMAN MISERY.

Just Published, in a Sealed Envelope.

PRICE—6 CENTS.

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment and Radical Cure of Seminal Weakness, or Spermatorrhoea, induced by Self-Abuse, Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy, and Pits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT C. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c.

The World renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the worst consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, blisters, instruments, rings, or cordials, pointing out a modus of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer can remove what his condition may be, may cure himself completely, privately and radically. This lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope to any address, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, by addressing the publishers.

Also, DR. CULVERWELL'S "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents.

Address the Publishers, CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO., 127 Bowery, New York, P. O. Box 4,556.

ns-no1-3n [S. M. P. & Co.

State of North Carolina.

Rutherford County.

SUPERIOR COURT—October 23d, 1871.

Joseph W. Green, as Administrator, cum testamento annexo, Alfred J. James, Willis George P., David R., Lorenzo D., Taylor, William, Willie, Caldonia, John and Sena Morrow, Bradley Metcalf and wife Anna, William Butler and wife Elizabeth, Elizabeth Baber, Thomas Moore and wife Millie Ann, W. T. Green and wife Elvira, Orson Mays, Moses A. White and Richard M. Moore, as survivors of O. Bartlett & Co., plaintiffs,

Against Marcus Morrow and Mary Hambrick, defendants.

This is a petition for leave to sell the lands belonging to the estate of James Morrow, dec'd., to enable the Administrator, cum testamento annexo, to divide the estate said James Morrow, dec'd.

The defendants, being non-residents of the State, are hereby notified to appear before the Clerk of said court at his office in Rutherford county, on or before the 13th day of December next, and plead, answer or demur, or judgment will then be taken against them for want thereof. Copies of petition may be had on application to Clerk, or to Churchill & Whiteside, Attorneys. J. B. CARPENTER, C. C. S. C. ns-no2-6w

State of North Carolina.

Rutherford County.

SUPERIOR COURT—Fall Term, 1871.

A. V. Biggerstaff, Plaintiff,

Against Randolph DePriest, Amos Owens, and John C. Withrow. Original Attachment.

Randolph DePriest, Amos Owens and John C. Withrow, defendants above named: You and each of you are hereby notified that in case for damages in favor of the above named plaintiff, against said defendants, for the sum of Ten Thousand Dollars, a warrant of attachment has been levied and returned to this court of the superior court, on your interest in the following lands, to-wit: Two hundred acres of land, more or less, the homestead of Randolph DePriest, joining lands of Pleasant Fortune and others, levied on as the property of Randolph DePriest; two hundred acres of land, more or less, being the homestead of Amos Owens, on Cherry Mountain; also Amos Owens' interest in the Swoozy lands, lying on Hunter's Creek, levied on as the property of Amos Owens. Two hundred and twenty acres of land, more or less, joining the lands of James Withrow and others, levied on as the property of John C. Withrow.

You are hereby notified to appear at the next term of the Superior Court, to be held in the court house at Rutherford county, on the 4th Monday in March, 1872, and plead, answer or demur to Plaintiff's complaint, which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the Superior court, or judgment pro confesso will be taken as to you, and the lands condemned to be sold. Witness: J. B. Carpenter, county clerk of the Superior Court, at Rutherford county, 25th October, 1871.

J. B. CARPENTER, C. C. S. C. Logan & Justice, Atty's for Plaintiff. ns-no2-6w

State of North Carolina.

Rutherford County.

SUPERIOR COURT—In Vacation.

J. B. Carpenter & R. W. Logan, Plaintiffs,

Against Ambrose Mills, L. A. Axtis, Jr., Geo. W. Trout, Jr., Wm. Webster, Chas. C. Webster and others, defendants.

William Webster, Charles C. Webster and George W. Trout, Jr., defendants above named, you are hereby notified that in a case for damages brought by the above named plaintiffs, and against the above named defendants and others, for the sum of fifty thousand dollars, a warrant of attachment has been levied on one hundred and fifty-seven acres of land, the same being part of the James A. Webster old tract, joining the lands of James Kennedy and others, the property of Wm Webster.

One hundred and fifty-three acres of land being a part of the same tract as above, adjoining lands of James Kennedy and others, the property of Charles C. Webster. George W. Trout, Jr., interest in six hundred acres of land, more or less, the tract of land on which George Trout now lives. Said attachment is made returnable to the Superior court of Rutherford county, at the court house in Rutherford county, on the 4th Monday in March next, when and where you are notified to appear, plead, answer or demur to plaintiff's complaint, filed in the office of the clerk of the Superior court for said county, or judgment pro confesso will be taken as to them, and the lands condemned and ordered to be sold.

Witness: J. B. Carpenter, clerk of the Superior Court for Rutherford county, at office in Rutherford county 25th October, 1871. J. B. CARPENTER, C. C. S. C. per J. W. HARRIS, D. Clerk. M. Erwin, and Logan & Justice, Atty's for Plaintiffs. ns-no2-6w

State of North Carolina.

Rutherford County.

SUPERIOR COURT—In Vacation.

James M. Justice, Plaintiff,

Against A. A. Mills, Jr., Wm. Webster, Charles C. Webster and others.

William Webster, Charles C. Webster and George W. Trout, Jr., defendants above named, you are hereby notified that in a case for damages brought by the above named plaintiffs, and against the above named defendants and others, for the sum of fifty thousand dollars, a warrant of attachment has been levied on one hundred and forty-seven acres of land, the same being part of the James A. Webster old tract, joining the lands of James Kennedy and others, the property of Wm Webster.

One hundred and fifty-three acres of land, being a part of the same tract as above, adjoining lands of James Kennedy and others, the property of Charles C. Webster. George W. Trout, Jr., interest in six hundred acres of land, more or less, the tract of land on which George Trout now lives. Said attachment is made returnable to the Superior court of Rutherford county, at the court house in Rutherford county, on the 4th Monday in March next, when and where you are notified to appear, plead, answer or demur to plaintiff's complaint, filed in the office of the clerk of the Superior court for said county, or judgment pro confesso will be taken as to them, and the lands condemned and ordered to be sold.

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Agents Wanted for

GOD IN HISTORY.

ONE OF THE REMARKABLE BOOKS of the age. Abounds in thrilling passages and startling theories. Treats on living issues and recent events. Reviews Infidelity and the War in France. Restores History from the terrible abuse into which it has fallen. Shows that GOD, NOT C. I. ANCE, controls the world; that Redemption is the Golden Thread of History; that Providence is its light; that God is in History, and History has a unity because God is in it. These great truths have been overlooked by nearly all historians. God does control the affairs of nations, and for His glory. Our plan insures large sales. Address: J. W. GOODSPEED & CO., 37 Park Row, N. Y. or 148 Lake Street, Chicago. ns-no2-6m

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS against the estate of Jonathan Mooney, dec'd., will take notice that I will proceed to make final settlement with the clerk of the Superior Court of Rutherford county on the 1st Monday in November, 1872, and present their claims within twelve months from this date, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. BENJ. BIGGERSTAFF, Adm'r of Jonathan Mooney, dec'd. Oct 28th, 1872. ns-no2-4w

THE STAR.

RUTHERFORDTON N. C.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

1 Copy 1 Year in Advance,	\$1.50
1 " 6 months,	1.00
5 " 1 years,	7.00
10 " 1 " "	12.50
20 " 1 " "	20.00

If not paid in advance; if paid in 3 months, \$2.00; 6 months, \$2.50 and if not paid within 6 months \$3.00.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Space	1w.	1mo.	3mo.	6mo.	12mo.
1 inch	1.00	2.50	6.00	9.00	16.00
2 "	2.00	5.00	12.00	18.00	30.00
4 "	4.00	10.00	23.00	30.00	45.00
8 "	8.00	20.00	45.00	45.00	70.00
1 col.	15.00	40.00	60.00	80.00	125.00

Special notices charged 50 per cent higher. Local notices 15 cents a line.

Agents procuring advertisements will be allowed a commission of 25 per cent.

Mr. A. K. HENRY, Room 21, Law Building, Richmond, Va., is authorized to receive subscriptions and advertising at our lowest cash rates.

More new goods received at the Post Office.

Miss Hamilton has had her fence on Main St., reset.

Wallace & Scoggin keep good goods at the Post Office.

Dr. Harris has had a new fence put round the Hamby lot.

The man who buys goods at the Post Office, will get bargains.

Gen. Bryan is having the Globe Hotel, or McAffee's house repaired.

Judge Logan is having the Village Hotel repaired.

Our merchants are selling goods faster—they are advertising.

Corn is still being bought at fifty cents per bushel delivered in town.

The Prisoners in Jail expect to leave for Raleigh the last of next week.

If you do not believe that you can buy goods cheap, call at the Post Office!

Your faded locks can be restored to all their youthful beauty by using NATURE'S HAIR RESTORATIVE, which is free from all dangerous drugs. See advertisement.

Allen Mitchell, and Miss Sarah Ann, daughter of Joel Smith, dec'd., were married last week by Wm. Montith, Esq.

Judge Logan leaves for Charlotte in the morning. Court commences there Monday.

Julius Walker, and Miss Mary daughter of D. D. Allen, Esq., were married last Sabbath by Rev. W. H. Logan.

Our town has a large surplus of the canine species. We need a sausage factory in order to dispose of them.

Our new house gets on slow, a few spondulix from our delinquent subscribers would make it git on faster.

Read the disclosures made in York County, South Carolina, in regard to Ku Kluxing. It will repay reading.

Two men camped out last Monday night near this place, one of them accuses Steven with throwing him by putting too much sugar in it.

Next Monday night Western Star Lodge, No. 91, A. F. M., meets in regular communication; the officers elected at last meeting will be installed.

The Grand Lodge, A. F. M., of North Carolina, meets in Raleigh on the 4th of December next. We believe this will be the 85th Annual Meeting.

The arrivals at the Democratic Hotel for the last week have swelled the number of boarders for Ku Kluxing to 36 and thereby is and still they come.

We are informed that a gentleman living near this place has had his coffin made for the last twenty years, and that he uses it as a trunk, to keep his clothes in.

The last we heard from him was "Good bye Judge! do all you can for me, and I will do what I can for you." This was the language of a certain Ku Klux that figured largely, but is now in trouble.

Messrs. Scoggin and Wilson have been holding United States

Commissioners Courts this week, they have each had a number of cases before them and are no doubt swelling the list of indictments to be preferred at the Circuit Court at Raleigh.

Application has been made for a reduction of fare over the Western North Carolina, and the North Carolina Railroads, for defendants and witnesses who start for Raleigh next week, to attend the Federal Court.

We are still needing money to run the Star, as we did not get \$1500, for turning men out of Jail last week from Cleveland County, that was only one of the "Banner's" lying out tales.

We understand that a troop of Minstrels, belonging to the command at this place are preparing to open for the winter. They are having the House next door above the Methodist Church, enlarged and repaired for the accommodation of those who may wish to while away the long winter evenings. We hope they will meet with success.

Our attention has been called to the fact that in our report of the proceedings of the Circuit Court, we failed to give the sentence as passed on James Sweezy. He was sentenced to two years imprisonment in the Common Jail.

PERSONAL.—J. A. Franks, A. E. Deaver, Mr. Patterson, Jr., and Otto Hilderbrand, United States Deputy Marshals, have called on us this week they all appear to be enjoying fine health, neither one of them had any paper for us.

FOR HOUSE CLEANING, washing dishes, floors, oil cloths, tables, cleaning windows, paint, knives and polishing tin, brass and all metals, use Enoch Morgan's Sons' Sapolio. It is cheaper and better than soap. Get it from your grocer, or at 211 Washington street, N. Y.

Mr. John E. McFarland requests us to say that any one knowing the whereabouts of one Randolph Depriest late of this county would confer a favor by giving him any information as to his whereabouts, as he has now a fine thorough bred horse bought at the sale of Amos Owens, Esq., a resident of Albany, New York, that said horse is favorably known as Ku Klux Bill, and would no doubt be a profitable investment in the hands of Mr. Depriest.

NOTICE.—This is to give notice to those who may have business with the Judge of Probate that he will be absent from his office from next Friday for two or three weeks. Mr. J. W. Green, my deputy, will be in office ready to accommodate those who may wish any business attended to as Clerk.

J. B. CARPENTER, C. C. S. C. and Judge of Probate for Rutherford County.

OFF FOR RALEIGH.—The Editors of the Star will leave for Raleigh the last of next week, to attend the Circuit Court as witnesses. We will try and keep our readers posted as to the news of the Legislature, Circuit Court, and such other items as we may be able to obtain. We will try and obtain a substitute, for the chair editorial during our absence, and should any one desire to subscribe for the Star, or to pay for the same during our absence, they will find our foreman, Mr. J. C. Clendenin, in the office ready to receive and receipt for subscriptions. He says he hopes a good many will call and pay while we are absent.

NOTICE.—The entire edition of "Morton House," which was unusually large, became exhausted on the day of publication, and the orders still unsupplied. The publishers are now printing a new edition, and trust that all orders will be filled on the day of their receipt.

The price of the work, in paper covers, is \$1.00; cloth, \$1.50.

D. APPLETON & Co., Pub.

THE NEW YORK OBSERVER enters upon its Fiftieth Year on the 1st of January next. Its career has been one of the most successful in the history of American journalism. Every department is conducted with ability. Its Foreign Correspondence is unrivalled and its independence in commenting upon political corruptions is in the highest degree praiseworthy.

We notice that it appears in a "New Dress," and also announces that the success of its Year-Book for 1871 will result in Volume

No. 2 for 1872, which will be still more complete in its statistical and other tables of information, and in its general arrangement.

Such enterprise deserves success, and we advise our readers to send for a specimen copy of the paper. New Subscribers will receive the paper free until January 1st.

We learn that Joseph Scoggin, Deputy United States Marshal arrested a man by the name of Joseph Thornburg, on last Sabbath about 12 o'clock, A. M., near Cherryville, and brought him on the road towards Shelby, some two or three miles from where he was arrested, when Thornburg attempted to escape and did get away from Mr. Scoggin and took to the woods, he was halted two or three times when Scoggin fired at him, with effect is not known, after running Thornburg something like one fourth of a mile, Scoggin overtook him and caught hold of him and then called for Nathan Scoggin, Esq., who was with Joseph Scoggin, and Thornburg at the commencement of the race. Thornburg again attempted to escape and tried to fight Scoggin, who let him loose, and told him if he did not stop he would shoot him. Thornburg ran, and Scoggin fired upon him hitting him between the shoulders, he fell and was supposed to be killed, Scoggin then went for some neighbors to help get Thornburg to a house, but on their return Thornburg was not to be found. We learn that Thornburg succeeded in getting to a colored man's house, and was conveyed to the house of Dr. Goode, where we learn that he lies in a very critical condition, and will probably die.

Thornburg was arrested on the charge of being one of the men who made the raid on Cherryville, and took from the Assessor, of the 5th District a lot of whiskey.

FOUR EVILS.—Whoever habitually uses any alcoholic preparations as an "appetizer" will be likely to suffer from four evils, viz.: an overplus of food in the stomach, impaired ability to digest it, the pangs of dyspepsia, and a doctor's bill. Dr. WALKER'S VEGETABLE VINEGAR BITTERS, the great Tonic and Restorative of the age, without over stimulating the palate or irritating the stomach, imparts a healthful appetite, promotes digestion, regulates the liver and bowels, purifies the blood, and thus, instead of entailing four evils, confers four inestimable benefits.

THE ILLUSTRATED PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL, is in every respect a First-Class Magazine. Its articles are of the highest interest to all. It teaches what we are and how to make the most of ourselves. The information it contains on the Laws of Life and Health, is well worth the price of the Magazine to every Family. It is published at \$3.00 a year. By a special arrangement we are enabled to offer the "Phrenological Journal" as a Premium for ten new subscribers to the Star, with the cash—\$15.00, or will furnish the "Phrenological Journal" and Star together for \$3.25. We commend the Journal to all who want a good Magazine. Address all orders to Publishers of the Star, Rutherfordton, N. C.

STATE NEWS.
Pork is selling in Raleigh, at 10 cts. per lb.
Carteret County has raised a potato weighing 9 lbs. 11 1/4 ounces.
Charlotte was visited with a destructive fire yesterday morning, we have no particulars.
W. H. Thompson, Esq., of Raleigh has been appointed a Conductor on the North Carolina Railroad.
W. T. Blackwell, the original Manufacturer of Durham Smoking Tobacco, is erecting a large Tobacco Building at Durham, N. C.

Charles Hutchinson, colored, was sentenced to 4 years in the Penitentiary, for larceny, at Hendersonville court last week.

The editor of the Cottage Visitor has been presented with a beet 17 inches in length and 2 1/4 inches in circumference.

A cargo of Iron arrived at Wilmington a few days since for the W. C. & R. R. Laying the track towards Wadesboro will commence soon.

Three hundred persons in York County, S. C., have made confessions of Membership of the Ku Klux, 109 Ku Klux are confined in the Jail at Yorkville.

J. H. Borer, Esq., Clerk of the House of Representatives, 1869, & 70, has secured an appointment in the Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C.

Wilmington, N. C., is infested with pick-pockets, swindlers, thimble riggers and dealers in three card monte. The "Star" advises all to watch out.

Miss Sue Demmock, before the war a resident of Washington, N. C., has had the degree of Doctor of Medicine conferred on her, in a celebrated Medical University in Europe.

Joseph H. Fetzir, Esq., proposes to commence the publication of a Republican newspaper at Greensboro, N. C., on the 23d instant, to be called the "New North State." We hope he will meet with a hearty support from the party.

Six persons, charged with Kukluxing in Yancey county last July, were arrested a few days since, and are now confined in Asheville jail. The charges against them, are, besides being disguised, highway robbery, burglary, murder and rape.

Col. Lee M. McAfee, of Shelby, N. C., gave bond in the sum of five thousand dollars for his appearance at Raleigh, to answer before the Circuit Court a charge of being a Kuklux, and participating in the outrages committed in Cleveland County.

The Jury in the case of the State vs. Columbus Adair and others, moved from this county to Hendersonville, brought in a verdict of guilty of the murder of Harbet Steadman, alias Lee, on Wednesday, as to all the parties charged, viz: Columbus Adair, Govan Adair, and Martin Bernard.

Somebody stole a check belonging to the publishers of the Charlotte Observer, for the sum of \$21.85. We do not care for them; they ought not to have had that much money, and we are not sure they lost that much, anyway. Who ever heard of a newspaper man having such a pile as that?

The Cottage Visitor of the 9th inst., says: The following named persons were committed to Asheville jail this week: Albert McIntosh and John Higgins, for committing rape on the person of Mrs. Thos. Brackens; William Wilson, robbery; Jno. Price, breaking into tanyard; William Haney, murder; Jo. Harris, adultery.

After Alexis the next sensational arrival from Europe may be the cholera.—L.E.

Will the Shelby Banner tell us whether "Cholera" is to be a grand cyclops, or is that only the name of the organization? Tell us the truth, Bro. Banner.

The Local of the Carolina Era gives notice to a local editor's in the State that he has a new hat, to be given to the best looking Local Editor in the State, and says send Photograph and size of hat worn.

The committee to decide are five young ladies, neither of them over 18 years old.

We shall send in our Photograph, and are almost sure that we will get that hat.

The Raleigh Daily Carolinian says, that Gov. Caldwell has appointed the following gentlemen Directors on Western Division of the Western North Carolina Railroad, viz: W. W. Rollins, N. W. Woodfin, A. L. Herren, R. M. Henry, J. W. Sorrell, C. W. Slagle, Geo. W. Dick, and W. G. Chandler.

State's Proxy.—O. G. B. Garrett. Of the above, two-thirds are Democrats. What can the Governor mean? What will Republicans west of the Ridge say to it?

POLK COUNTY, N. C., }
November 14th, 1871, }
MESSRS. EDITORS,

For the information of your readers, I will say that I am doing some good in Polk—I have made several arrests in the past week; also about fifteen have come in and surrendered to me, begging for mercy. I expect several more to come in yet, and am of the opinion that Kuklux raiding in Polk is stopped for all time to come. They say that they are going to vote for U. S. Grant for President, and J. M. Justice for Congress.

Yours, truly,
J. A. F.

It is reported that Pope Pius will take up his residence in France. Heavy gales have visited our Northern coasts, and many vessels have been injured thereby. Thomas Dakin, formerly mayor of London, has been made Knight.

Chattanooga, Tenn., lost \$75,000 by a fire on the 12th inst.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WATICH free to Agents to introduce articles that sell in every house.—LATTA & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa. 5-4w

8 O'CLOCK. 5-4w

\$325 a Month. Horses and carriage furnished. Expenses paid: samples FREE. H. B. SHAW, Alfred, Maine. 5-4w

Rifles, Shotguns, Revolvers. Gun materials of every kind. Write for price list, to Great Western Gunworks, Pittsburgh, Pa. Army guns and Revolvers bought or traded for. Agents wanted. 5-4w

\$100 TO 250 PER MONTH. Guaranteed sure to Agents everywhere selling our new seven strand White Platina Clothes Lines. Sell readily at every house. Samples free. Address the GIRARD WIRE MILLS, Philadelphia, Pa. 5-4w

FIRE. Hats, Caps, Belts, Shirts, Badges, Trumperies, &c. for Service and Parade. At the old Manufacturer, 147 Grand street, N. Y. CAIRNS & BRO., late H. T. Grutcap. Send for circulars. 4w

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